

UNIT - II

Introduction to Microcontrollers

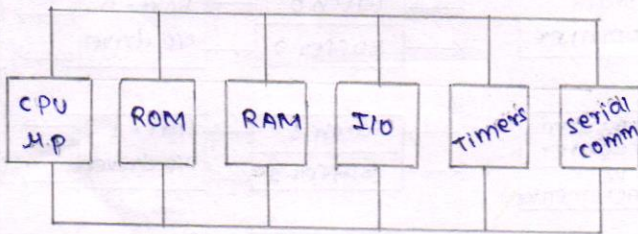
- Difference between microprocessor & microcontroller.
- Overview of 8051 Microcontroller
- Architecture, I/O ports
- Memory Organization
- Addressing Modes and Instruction Set of 8051

8051 Real time Control:

- Programming Timer Interrupts
- Programming External Hardware Interrupts
- Programming the Serial Communication Interrupts.
- Programming 8051 Timers and Counters.

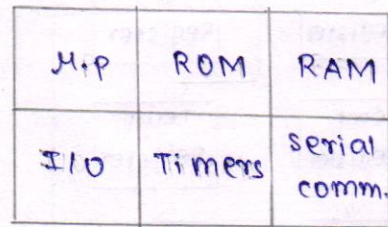
4Q. (a) Differentiate between microprocessors & micro controllers.

A: Micro Processor



Micro controller.

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| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. It consists of ALU, control unit, different registers & interrupt circuits. 2. It has more instructions to move data between CPU & memory. 3. It has 1 or 2 bit handling instructions. 4. It is more flexible in design point of view. 5. It requires more hardware. 6. Access times for memory & I/O devices are more. 7. It has single memory map for data & code. 8. Less number of pins are multi functioned. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. It consists of microprocessor, ROM & RAM, I/O interfacing circuits & peripheral devices such as A/D converter, serial I/O, timer etc. 2. It has 1 or 2 instructions to move data between CPU & memory. 3. It has many bit handling instructions. 4. It is less flexible in design point of view. 5. It requires less hardware. 6. Less access time for built in memory & I/O devices. 7. It has separate memory map for data & code. 8. More number of pins are multifunctioned. |
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